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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/422,976	10/22/1999	MICHAEL CARROLL	52817.000082	6195

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QUELER, ADAM M

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	2176

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/422,976	CARROLL, MICHAEL
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Adam M Queler	2176

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears n th cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 August 2002.

2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on 22 October 1999 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

11) The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.

12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some * c) None of:

1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).

a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.

15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>2,5,6</u> .	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to communications: Application filed 10/22/1999, and IDS's filed 1/31/2000, 5/22/2002, and 8/19/2002.
2. Claims 1-26 are pending in the case. Claims 1, 16, 20, and 23 are independent claims.

Claim Objections

3. The numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When claims are canceled, the remaining claims must not be renumbered. When new claims are presented, they must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered claims previously presented (whether entered or not).

The second claim 14 has been renumbered as 16. The second claim 15 has been renumbered as 17. Claims 16-24 have been renumbered as 18-26 respectively, and their dependencies have also been changed accordingly. Applicant is required to refer to the new claim numbers throughout the prosecution.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
5. **Claims 1-15, 17, 18 and 24, 25** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "the structure information" in lines 6-7. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. It appears Applicant meant to claim "the region information," and will be interpreted that way for examining purposes only.

Claims 17 and 24 recites the limitation "the attributes region" in line 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. It appears Applicant meant to claim "the attribute information," and will be interpreted that way for examining purposes only.

Claims 2-14, 18 and 25 are rejected for fully incorporating the deficiencies of their base claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

7. **Claims 1-6, 8, 11, 12, 14-18, 20-21, 23-25, rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by “Cascading Style Sheets in Internet Explorer 4.0 and Examples” by George Young, hereinafter Young-MSDN.**

In the course of the following rejections, specific examples of code will be used to reject the claims. However, Applicant should note that similar teachings are made throughout the whole of the document.

Regarding dependent claim 1, Young-MSDN discloses a method of storing region information for two independently formattable regions and storing content information, wherein the structure is governed by structure information and the content is governed by content information (p.7, “Choosing”). The <p> tags define two regions, their format determined by their associated

independent classes. The text is the content information, located in the content field, defined in between the start and end tags.

Regarding dependent claim 2, Young-MSDN discloses unique content fields (p.7, “Choosing”), as the content of each paragraph is different.

Regarding dependent claim 3, Young-MSDN discloses two attribute fields associated with the region information (p.7, “Choosing”). The attributes are definitions of font family, font size, text alignment, and letter spacing.

Regarding dependent claim 4, Young-MSDN teaches the attributes comprise bolding (p.12, “Font Properties”-“font-weight”).

Regarding dependent claim 5, Young-MSDN discloses each region is associated with a unique content field (p.7, “Choosing”). Each region contains different text as the content.

Regarding dependent claim 6, Young-MSDN discloses one region field has a unique combination of the content field and the attribute field (p.7, “Choosing”). Each paragraph has different attributes, as well as different text.

Regarding dependent claim 8, Young-MSDN discloses the region information, the content information, and the attribute information (p.7, “Choosing”). The text is the content information, located in the content field, defined in between the start and end tags. The attributes are definitions of font family, font size, text alignment, and letter spacing. Young-MSDN also teaches that these can all be in one file (p. 3-4, “Using Embedded...”), where the style definition is located in style tags, at the beginning of the same document.

Regarding dependent claim 11, Young-MSDN discloses a region, the <p> tag, has at least one associated region default attribute (p.8, “A Note...”). As shown, although there is no attribute definition for text alignment the paragraph text is left-aligned by default.

Regarding dependent claim 12, Young-MSDN discloses the associated region default attribute may be overridden in the associated attribute field (p. 22). The default value of left-alignment as recited in claim 1 above, is being overridden with other values.

Regarding dependent claim 14, Young-MSDN teaches the content information is linked information (p.5, “HTML Element” *NOTE: The words “link” and “another” are both links, but due to the lack of color, do not appear as such, on line 20. They can be verified at the web site.*)

Regarding independent claim 16, Young-MSDN discloses storing region information, content information, and attribute information, wherein the attribute and content information are associated with the region information (p.7, “Choosing”). As Young-MSDN teaches HTML, there must inherently be a system with a storage unit to store the document, and processor unit to process the document.

Regarding independent claim 23, the computer usable medium for the system of claim 16 is rejected under the same rationale.

Regarding dependent claims 17 and 24, Young-MSDN teaches the region information, defined by the tags, governs the structure of the document, the content information, located between the tags, governs the content within each region, and the attribute information, defined in the style sheet and referenced in the tags, governs the format of each region. (p. 7, “Choosing”).

Regarding independent claim 20, Young-MSDN discloses storing region information corresponding to regions of the electronic document, and associating attribute information and

content information with each of the regions, the attributes governing a presentation of the electronic document and the content information governing the content of the region when rendered (p.7, “Choosing”).

Regarding dependent claims 15, 18, 21 and 25, Young-MSDN teaches one of the attribute fields comprises a functional attribute, such as its class (p.7, “Choosing”). The class can be used to convey that the region has a specific function and will be treated differently as such (pp. 5-6, “Class as Selector”).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

9. **Claims 9-10, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Young-MSDN.**

Regarding dependent claim 9 and 22, Young-MSDN teaches a file as recited in claim 8 above. Young-MSDN is silent as to storing the information in a table. However since a table was a well-known structure to store data, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a table so that the information would be easier to read.

Regarding dependent claim 10, Young-MSDN teaches a document management file in the form of a standardized markup language as recited in claim 8 above (p.7, “Choosing”). Young-MSDN does not teach translating it from the table of claim 9. However, given the obviousness of the table of claim 9, it would have been further obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the

time of the invention, to translate the table into a markup language so that it could be read by standard browsers.

10. Claims 13, 19, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Young-MSDN in view of Fields et al. (USPN 6128655—filed 6/10/1998) hereinafter Fields.

Regarding dependent claims 13, 19 and 26, Young-MSDN is silent as translating into a plurality of HTML documents. Fields teaches a method for splitting parts of a web page to an HTML file (col. 3, ll. 2-9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to repeat this process with a different filter, which would create a plurality of web pages, so that data could be in the separate files needed for frame use. It would also have been obvious to combine Fields and Young-MSDN for the same reason.

11. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Young-MSDN in view of Netscape Screenshot (©1997)

Regarding dependent claim 7, Young-MSDN is silent as to email. However, Netscape shows and email header and footer, both of which are independently formatted regions. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Netscape and Young-MSDN so that a standard web browser could be used to view the content.

Conclusion

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Cascading Style Sheets, level 2, CSS2 Specification, W3C Recommendation 12-May-1998.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Adam M Queler whose telephone number is (703) 308-5213. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather R Herndon can be reached on (703) 308-5186. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-5631.

AQ
February 11, 2003


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